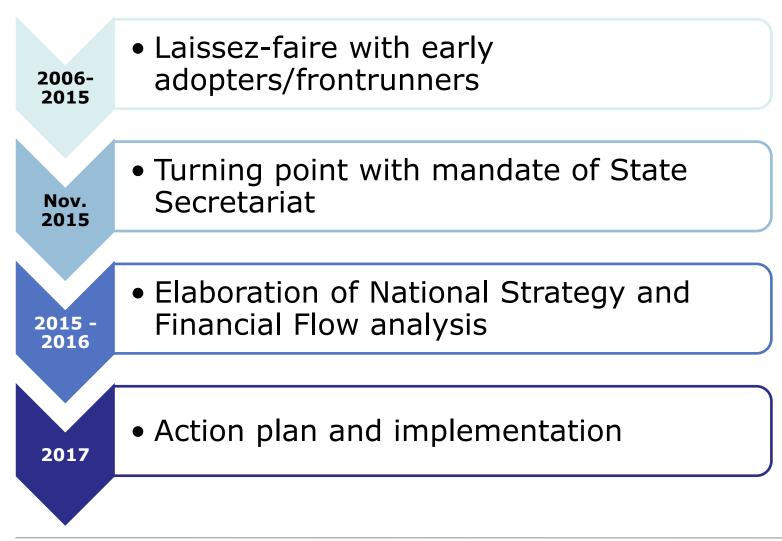


Country Report Switzerland The Swiss Way: slow, consolidated and steady

Dr. Ingrid Kissling-Näf



Open Access: Policy Phases



Swiss political system and actors

Federal and cantonal competencies for higher education institutes:



- Limited authority of State Secretariat to give directives
- Limited implementation power of swissuniversities as an umbrella organisation of HEIs
- Leverage effect of SNSF as a funding organisation



Involvement of all federal and cantonal stakeholders necessary to reach consensus and enduring solutions!

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Initial Situation in Switzerland

The SNSF has an OA Policy since 2008/2014

- 2006: Berlin Declaration
- 2008: Obligation to self-archive publications
- 2013: Direct funding of gold OA articles
- 2014: Revision of funding scheme for book publication
- 2015: Start of Project OAPEN



Turning point

Mandate from the State Secretariat for Education, Research and Innovation (SERI) for swissuniversities and the SNSF to elaborate:

National OpenFinancial FlowAccess StrategyAnalysis

- Promote OA as overriding goal
- Foster stakeholder coordination
- Create a vision

- Study Swiss scientific publishing
- Create transparency
- Analyse which OA economic model would best support a full OA transition in Switzerland

Financial Flow Analysis

Method



Data collection among all Swiss HEIs, the academies and the SNSF



Cross-checks according Swiss public statistics and bibliographic analyses

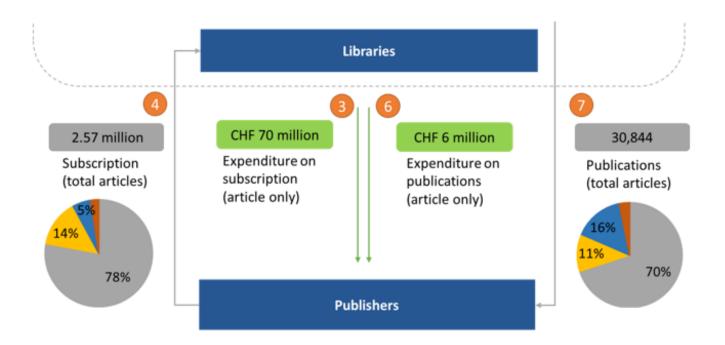


Economic modelling of diverse OA models in the perspective of a full OA transition by 2024 (10 years)



What have we learned?

Financial Flow Analysis



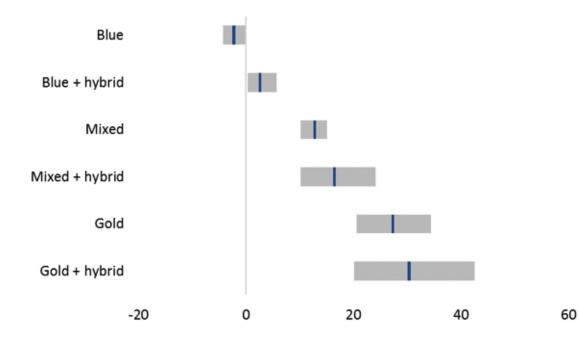
In 2015, Swiss HEIs spent CHF 76 mio on publications:

- 70 mio CHF in subscription fees
- 6 Mio CHF in publication costs
- + 2 mio were spent on infrastructure supporting OA

Financial Flow Analysis

Switzerland is a big research consumer

Transition costs mainly depend on the evolution of other countries

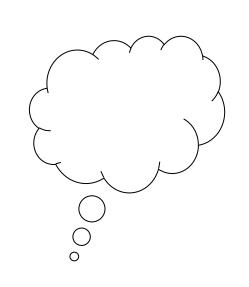


Annualised funding impact (in million CHF)

Costs for a full OA transition: from savings of 2 mio CHF up to 42 mio CHF extra costs per year

Recommendations

- Model: Mixed Gold and Blue OA
- Improve quality of data
- National strategy and action plan required
- Continue to be active in international discussions on OA
- Demonstrate leadership
- Costs: impact as function of bargaining power of Swiss institutions
- Costs: Acting in a concerted fashion may reduce costs
- Infrastructure to facilitate OA needs to be developped

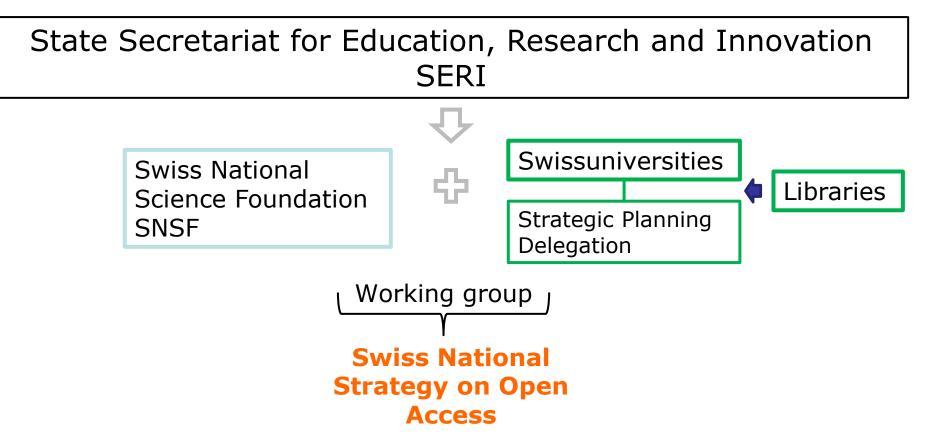


Further Appreciation of the Results



- The scenarios include a continuation of the present subscription costs. It is up to debate whether Swiss researchers really need all this content.
- The financial impact of a transition to OA is in relation to the costs for the present subscriptions relatively small. Hence, a transition to OA could also be cost-neutral if subscription costs are reduced.
- 30% of articles produced annually in Switzerland originate (at least partially) from SNSF funding. Therefore, the SNSF OA-Policy is considered to have a large impact in Switzerland.

National Strategy: Set Up



Approval by swissuniversities Board on December 14th 2016

Approval by the **Swiss Conference of HEIs** in February 2017

National Strategy: Process

- Nomination of working group with most important stakeholders
- Elaboration of national strategy
- Pre-consultation of strategic partners: SNSF, SWIR, SERI, EDK, Academies, Libraries
- Adaptation of national strategy by working group
- Recommendation by SNSF
- Formal consultation of rectorats
- Adaptation of national strategy by the board of swissuniversities
- Ratification of national strategy in the plenary assembly of swissuniversities
- Transfer of national strategy to SERI and Swiss Conference of HEIs.

National Strategy: Guiding Principles

- Powerful and unified approach
- ✓ Support and commitment from research communities
- Cost transparency and cost neutrality
- Ascertaining control and diversity of the scientific production process
- ✓ Revision of quality assessment system



National Strategy: Vision

EU objectives as a benchmark

• 100% of scholarly publications OA by 2020

Objectives for Switzerland

- 100% of all scholarly publication activity in Switzerland should be OA by 2024
- 100% scholarly publications funded by public money must be freely accessible on the internet.
- Landscape with a mix of OA models





Concrete action items

- **1. Adopting** and **aligning** OA policies
- 2. Negotiations with publishers
- **3.** Coordinating and pooling resources
- 4. Alternative forms of publishing
- **5. Communicating** and raising awareness
- 6. Supportive regulatory framework
 - Creation of an unconditional right of second publication (Copyright Act)
 - Ensure that text and data mining (TDM) is secured at no extra charge

7. National Monitoring of OA activities

Implementation

- Feb'-June 2017: Elaboration of action plan
 - Coordination by swissuniversities with the support of the program «scientific information»
 - Workshop with the different stakeholders (HEIs, libraries, funding agencies) in spring 2017
 - Consultation of the rectorates in June 2017
- November 2017: Approval of action plan at Swiss Conference of Higher Education Institutions (university council)
- Jan' 2017: National Conference on Open Access



The Swiss Way



Inclusion of all major and strategic partners

- Difficult to maintain ambitious goals
- Complicated and lengthy process

Once a consensus is reached

- Commitment of all stakeholders is assured
- Action items can be quickly developed and jointly implemented

... slow, consolidated and steady